



Brixham Junior Sailing Club

Whistle-Blowing Policy

Reviewed By: BJSC Directors/Trustees/Committee
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Whistle-Blowing Policy

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1. Whistle-Blowing Policy and Procedure

This policy applies to anyone volunteering directly for the Brixham Junior Sailing Club, and includes Junior Sailors, Instructors, and Parents/Carers (if the junior sailor is aged under 18).

Anyone not covered by this policy, who feels they have a legitimate complaint or concern about the conduct of a person or persons acting for Brixham Junior Sailing Club, should refer to the BJSC Complaints Procedure.

This policy sets out the procedure that a whistle-blower should follow to raise concerns (or 'blow the whistle') if they believe that there is serious malpractice within any part of the club. The policy considers the provisions of the Public Interest Disclosure Act 1998 which protects 'whistle-blowers' from detrimental treatment, such as victimisation or dismissal, if they raise concerns. BJSC reserves the right to amend the policy and procedure as necessary to meet any change in requirements or legislation.

2. Policy

Brixham Junior Sailing Club is committed to achieving and maintaining the highest possible standards in all its working practices. To achieve this aim, it encourages anyone with genuine concerns about suspected malpractice, illegal acts, or failures to comply with recognised codes or standards of work to report their concerns, without fear of reprisals or victimisation. BJSC will not tolerate harassment or victimisation of a genuine whistle-blower (including informal pressures). Such conduct will be treated as gross misconduct which, if proven, may (depending on the circumstances) result in dismissal without notice. A report or disclosure must not be made for purposes of personal gain. Concerns must be raised without malice and in good faith, and the individual must reasonably believe that the information disclosed, and any allegations contained in it, are substantially true. Malicious allegations will be also regarded as a serious disciplinary offence.

3. Scope

Whistleblowing means a disclosure of information made by an individual to BJSC or an external person or body, where that individual reasonably believes that one or more of the following matters is happening now, took place in the past or is likely to happen in the future:

- A criminal offence.
- Failure to comply with legal obligations.
- Failure to comply with the policies of the BJSC, including those relating to: Equality, Safeguarding Children, Health and Safety Management.
- Financial or non-financial maladministration or malpractice or impropriety or fraud.
- Professional malpractice.
- A risk to the health or safety of an individual.
- Environmental damage.
- A miscarriage of justice.
- Improper conduct or unethical behaviour, including a breach of the RYA Coach Code of Ethics and Conduct
- Attempts to suppress or conceal any information relating to any of the above.

The procedure will not apply to personal grievances concerning an individual's contractual terms, or other aspects of the working relationship, complaints of bullying or harassment, or disciplinary matters.



4. Confidentiality

In view of the protection afforded to a whistle-blower, it is preferable that the individual puts his/her name to any disclosure. The identity of the whistle-blower will be kept confidential, if so requested, for as long as possible if this is compatible with a proper investigation. Anonymous complaints are not covered by this policy but may be reported, investigated or acted upon as the person receiving the complaint sees fit.

5. Procedure

You have the right to be accompanied by another adult member or volunteer, if you wish, at any stage of the procedure. Concerns should be raised in the first instance with the following:

Principal: Neil Pearce – neilpearce@brixhamJSC.co.uk

Committee: Ross Brown – ross.brown@exeter.ac.uk
Jordan French – jordanf.bjsc@gmail.com
Tracy Hill – tracyhf1@hotmail.com
Oli Chaplin – oliverbenchaplin@gmail.com
Paula French – paulaf.bjsc@gmail.com

RYA Area Manager: Stuart Jones – stuartjones6464@gmail.com

An initial investigation will be conducted within 10 working days of receiving the initial complaint, either by the person receiving the complaint or by another individual authorised by them ('the Investigating Officer').

The Investigating Officer will then decide, based on the information provided or the findings of the initial investigation:

- Whether there is enough evidence for there to be a case to answer.
- Whether the matter should be dealt with under this Whistle Blowing procedure, or under a different RYA procedure, in which case the person making the disclosure will be advised as to the appropriate steps to take.
- Whether a full investigation should be conducted and what form it should take: an internal investigation, referral to the external Auditors, or an independent enquiry. Some matters, following investigation, will need to be referred to the relevant outside body, eg. the Police, Social Care Services (for safeguarding concerns), a funding body such as UK Sport or Sport England, UK Anti-Doping.

Depending on the circumstances the person(s) against whom allegations have been made may be suspended during the investigation. If the person to whom the disclosure is made decides not to proceed with a full investigation, the reasons for that decision will be explained as fully as possible to the individual who raised the concern. It is then open to that individual to make the disclosure again to another of the persons specified above. Investigation If it is decided that there is a case to answer, any investigation will be conducted by the Investigating Officer as sensitively and speedily as possible.

The individual making the disclosure will be informed of what action is to be taken. The person or persons against whom a disclosure is made will be told of it, and of the evidence supporting it, at an early stage and will be allowed to respond. A written record will be kept of each stage of the procedure. Should an investigation or referral lead to the conclusion that there has been a breach of RYA discipline, the individual or individuals responsible will, in addition to any civil or criminal proceedings, be subject to the relevant RYA.



6. Disciplinary Procedure.

The nature of any disciplinary action taken will remain confidential. Reporting of outcomes, feedback about the outcome will be given within 5 working days of the completion of the investigation by the person deciding on the issues. This record should be signed by the Investigating Officer and the person who made the disclosure and dated. Where appropriate the formal record need not identify the person making the disclosure, but in such a case that person will be required to sign a separate document confirming that the complaint has been investigated. Such reports will normally be retained by the club for at least five years. In all cases a report of the outcome will be made to the RYA Board, who will refer the report on appropriately if they judge it necessary.

7. Advice for a Whistle-Blower Raising a Concern

Brixham Junior Sailing Club acknowledges the difficult choice an individual may have to make in raising a concern. The following advice is recommended if you wish to make a disclosure:

- Make any objections promptly to avoid any misinterpretation of the motives for doing so.
- Focus on the issues and proceed in a tactful manner to avoid unnecessary personal antagonism.
- Be accurate in your claims and keep formal records of relevant events.
- You may also wish to seek independent legal advice. Alternatively, the RYA is an independent body that seeks to ensure that concerns about malpractice are properly raised and addressed in the club. If, having exhausted the above procedure, you are not satisfied with the response and reasonably believe that the information disclosed is substantially true, you are free to take the matter further by raising it with external bodies such as: a legal adviser, the Police, a relevant funding body.

8. Complaints of Retaliation

Brixham Junior Sailing Club accepts that it has an obligation to protect whistle-blowers who make a disclosure without malice and in good faith from reprisal or victimisation as a result of the complaint. If, however, you feel that you have suffered adverse treatment as a result of making a disclosure, you should submit a formal complaint under the relevant RYA Grievance or Complaints Procedure. If it is determined that a whistle-blower has suffered adverse treatment, harassment or victimisation as a result of his or her disclosure, action will normally be taken against the perpetrator in accordance with the relevant RYA Disciplinary Procedure.